

# Oxidant Stability vs NOD - Comparison of Peroxide, Persulfate and Permanganate

Neil R. Thomson

Department of Civil & Environmental Engineering

University of Waterloo,

CANADA

*([nthomson@uwaterloo.ca](mailto:nthomson@uwaterloo.ca))*



University of  
**Waterloo**



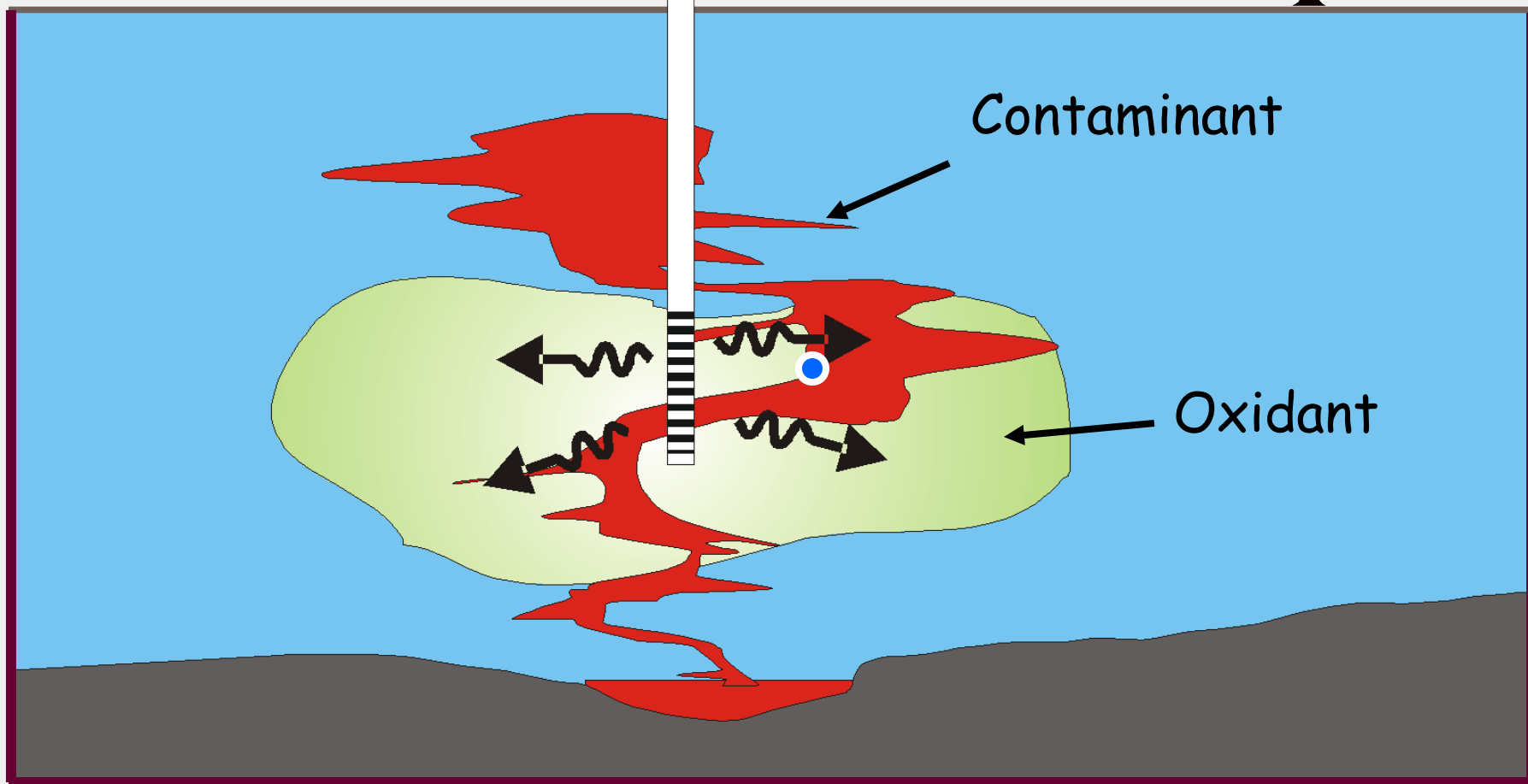
# Delivery

Oxidant (+ activators)

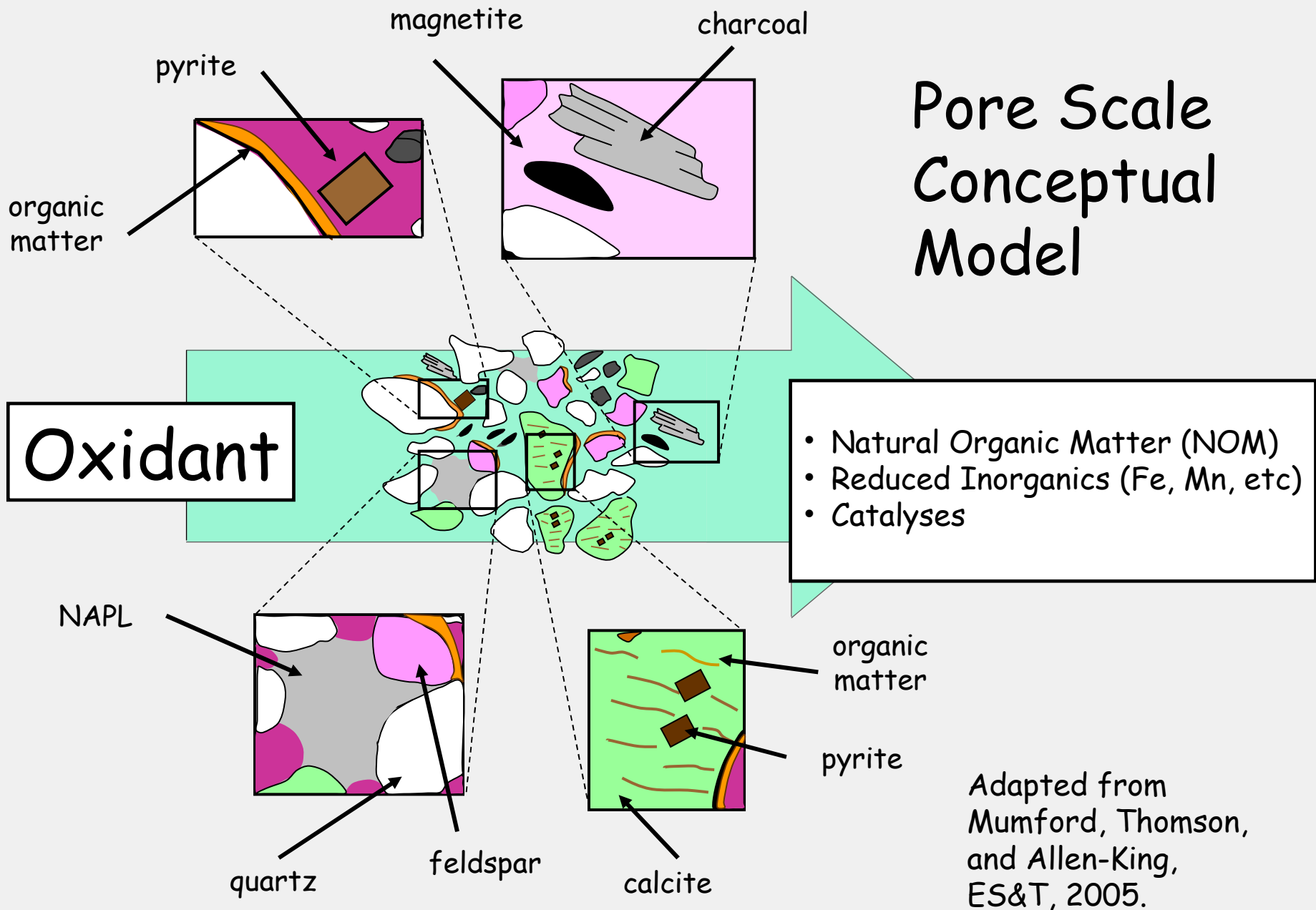
injection

Contaminant

Oxidant



# Pore Scale Conceptual Model



Adapted from Mumford, Thomson, and Allen-King, ES&T, 2005.

# Treatment Implications

---

## Increase...

- consumption of oxidant
- decomposition rate

## Decrease...

- transport/mobility
- the reaction rate
- mass of oxidant available

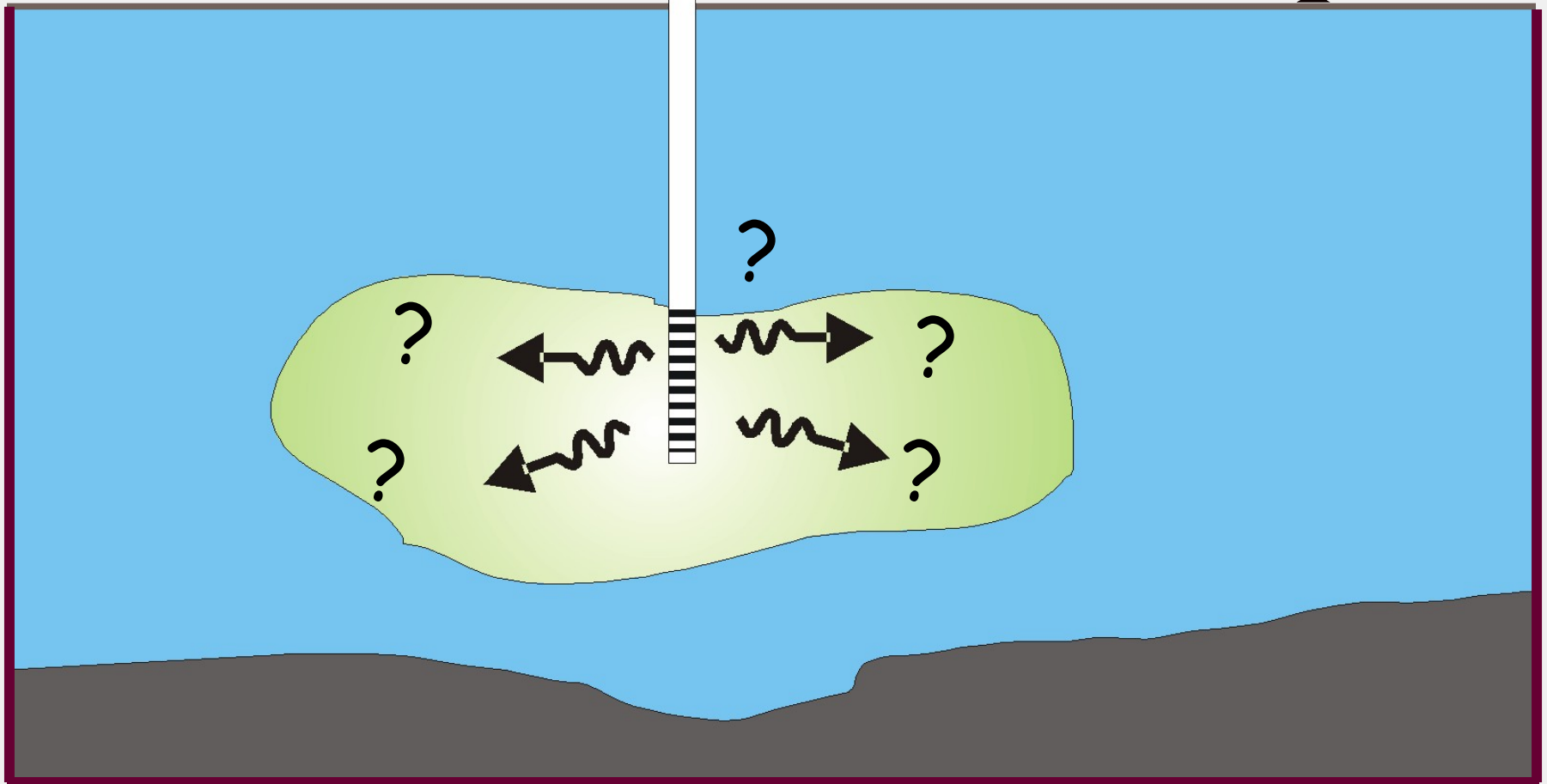
... inefficient treatment system

# Stability vs NOD?

Oxidant  
(+ activators)



injection



# Approach

---

- Collect and characterize aquifer materials
- Perform a batch and column tests, and field experiments
- Develop kinetic models to capture observed trends
- Explore predictive implications

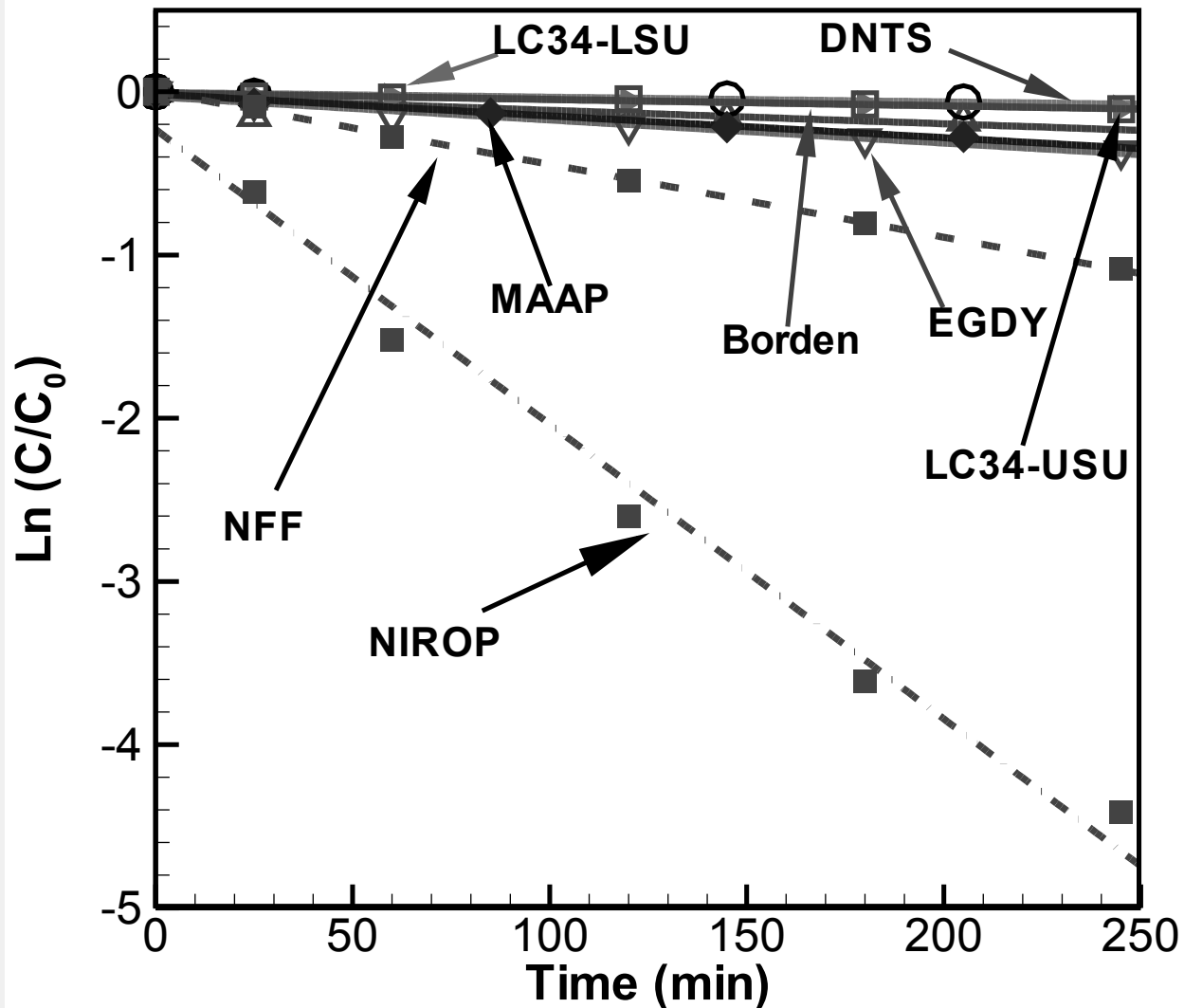
# Site Locations



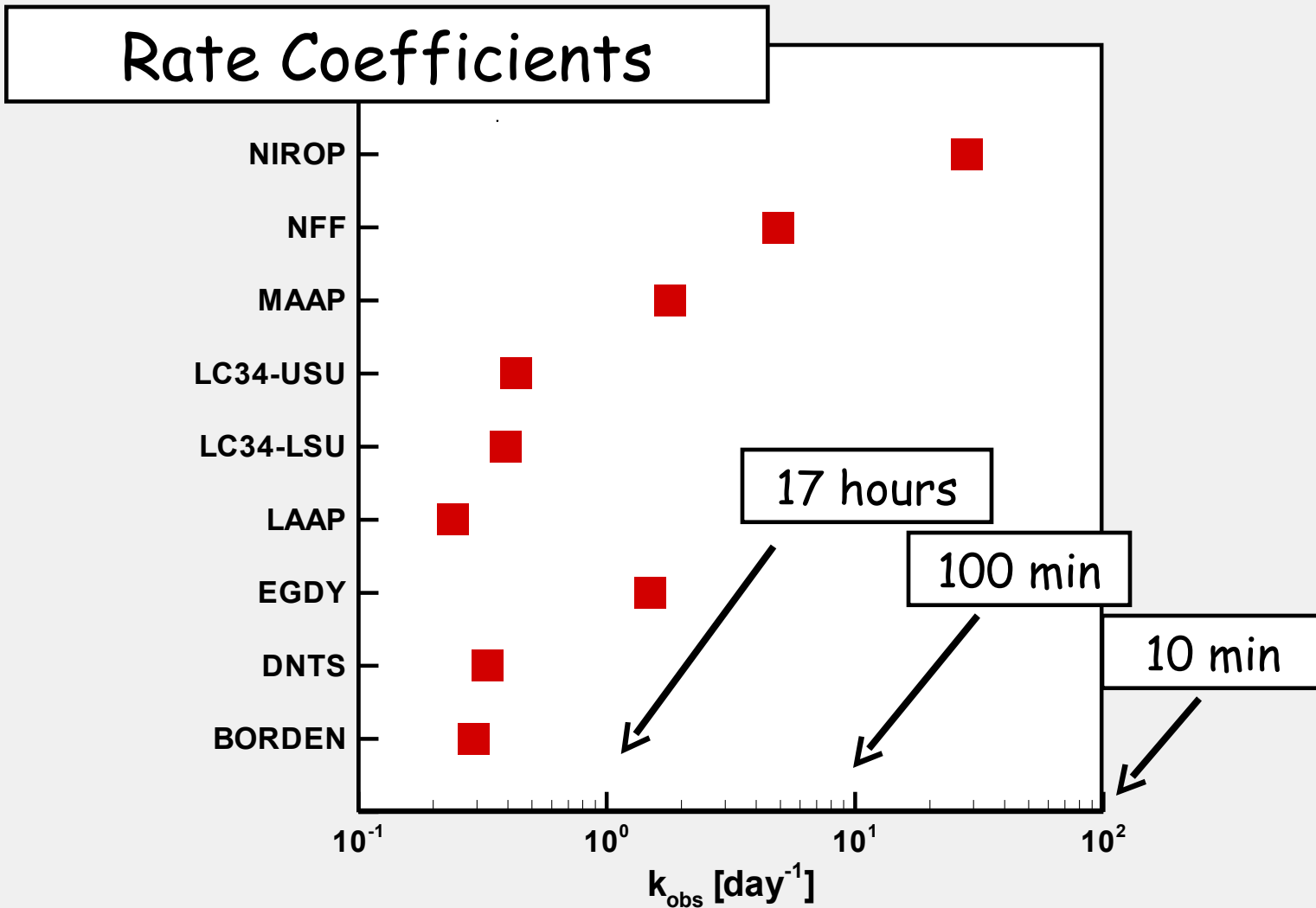
Peroxide Story...



# Peroxide

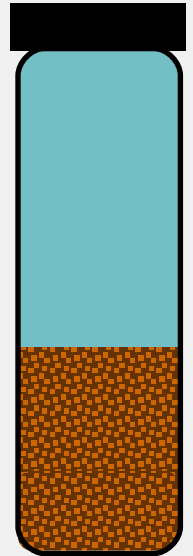
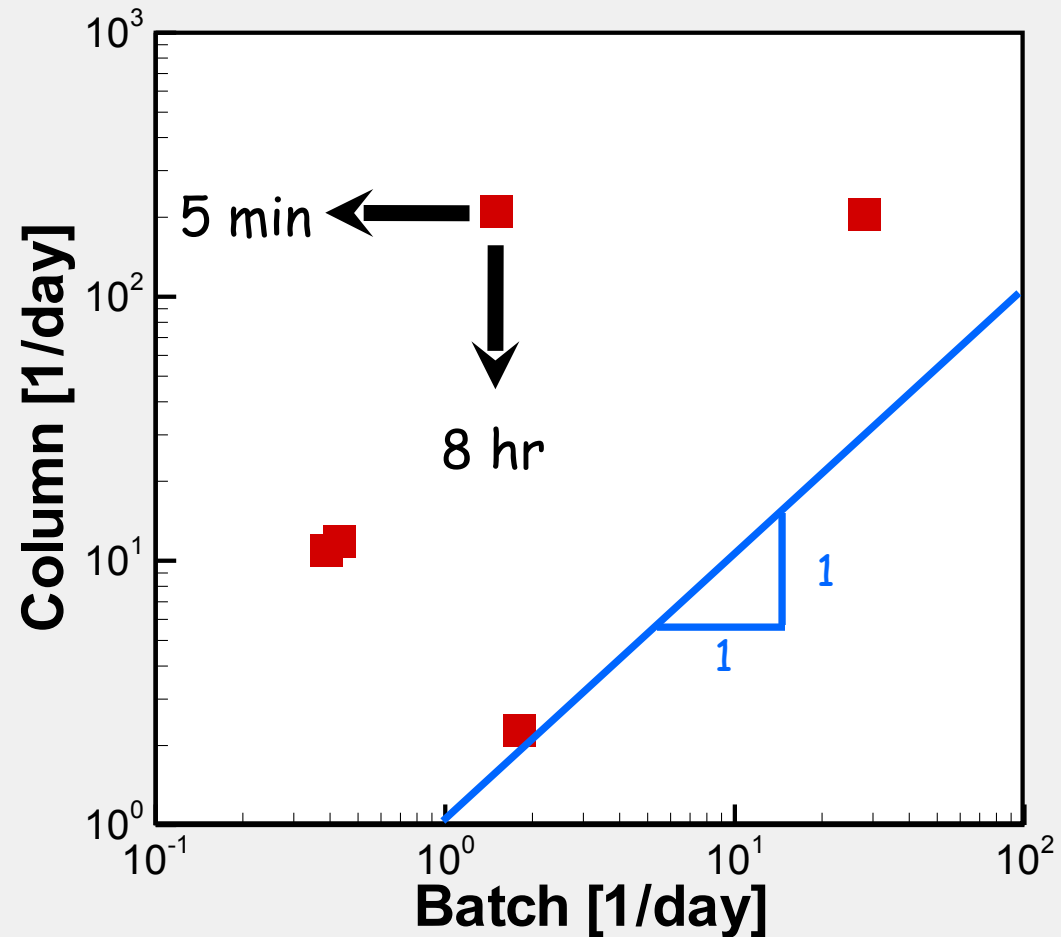
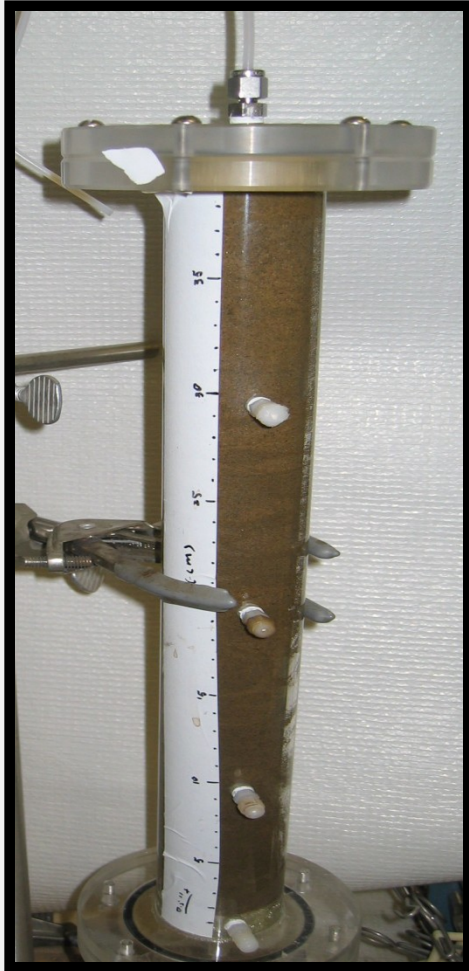


# Peroxide



# Peroxide

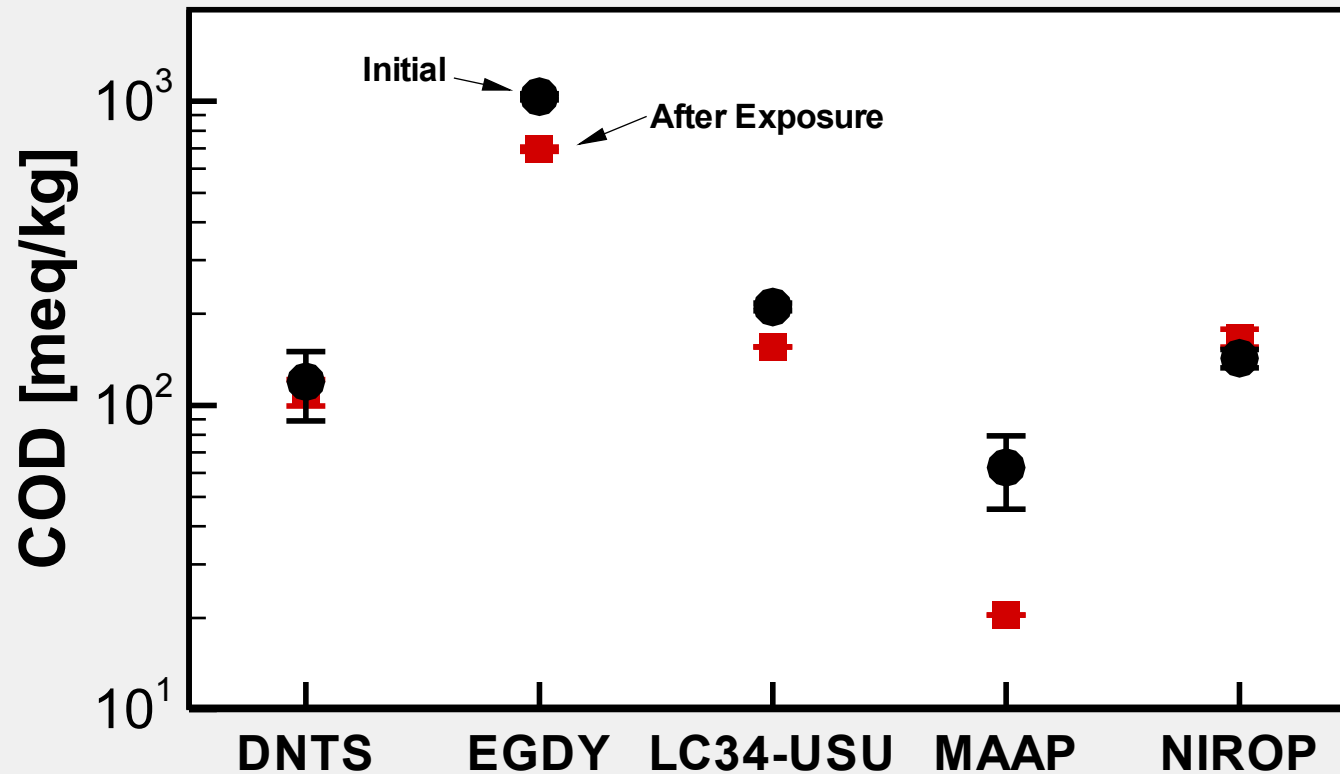
## Rate Coefficients



# Peroxide

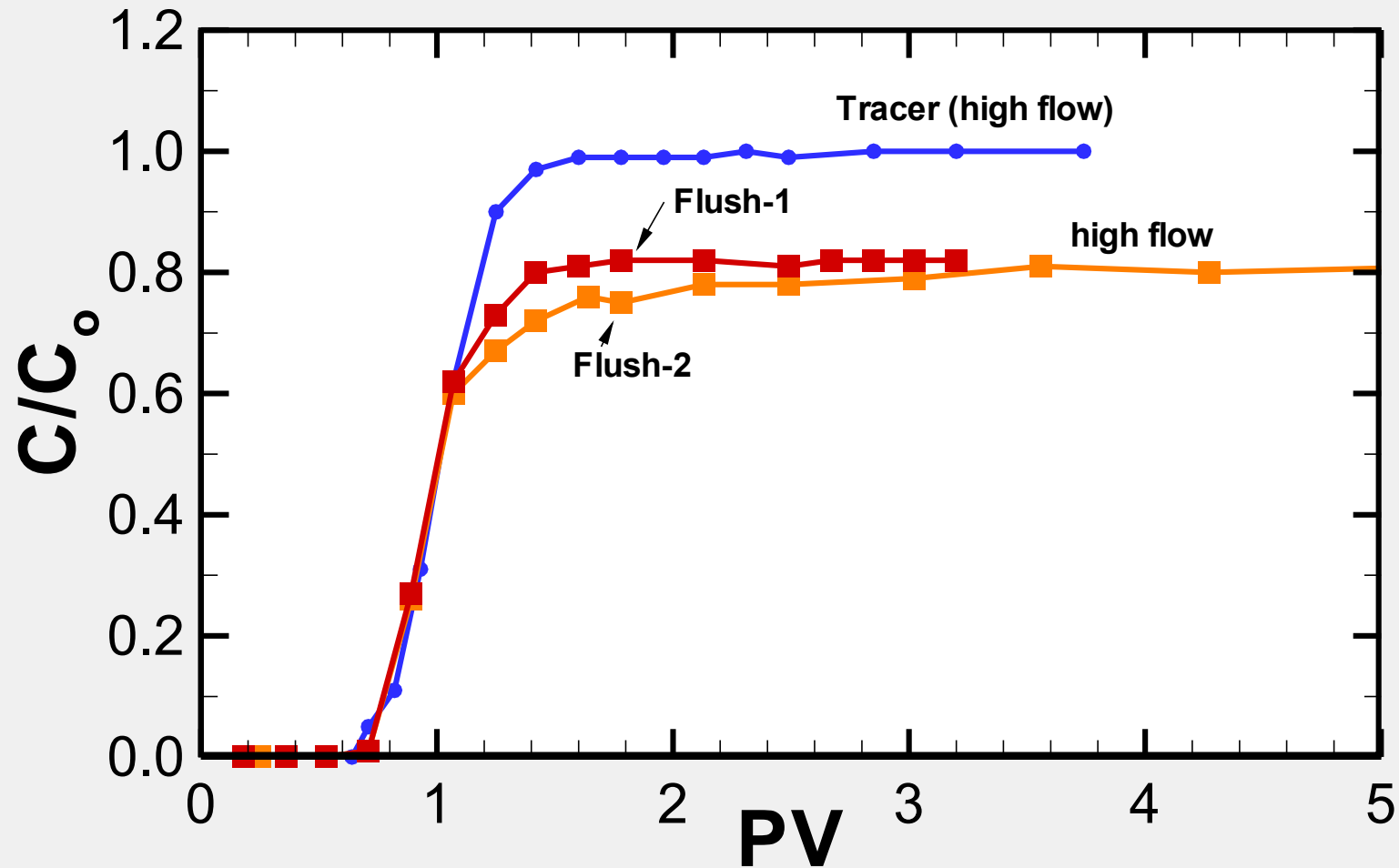
Change in TRC

TRC = total reductive capacity



# Peroxide

## Repeated Application



# Peroxide Kinetics

---

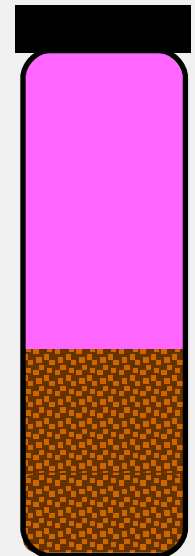
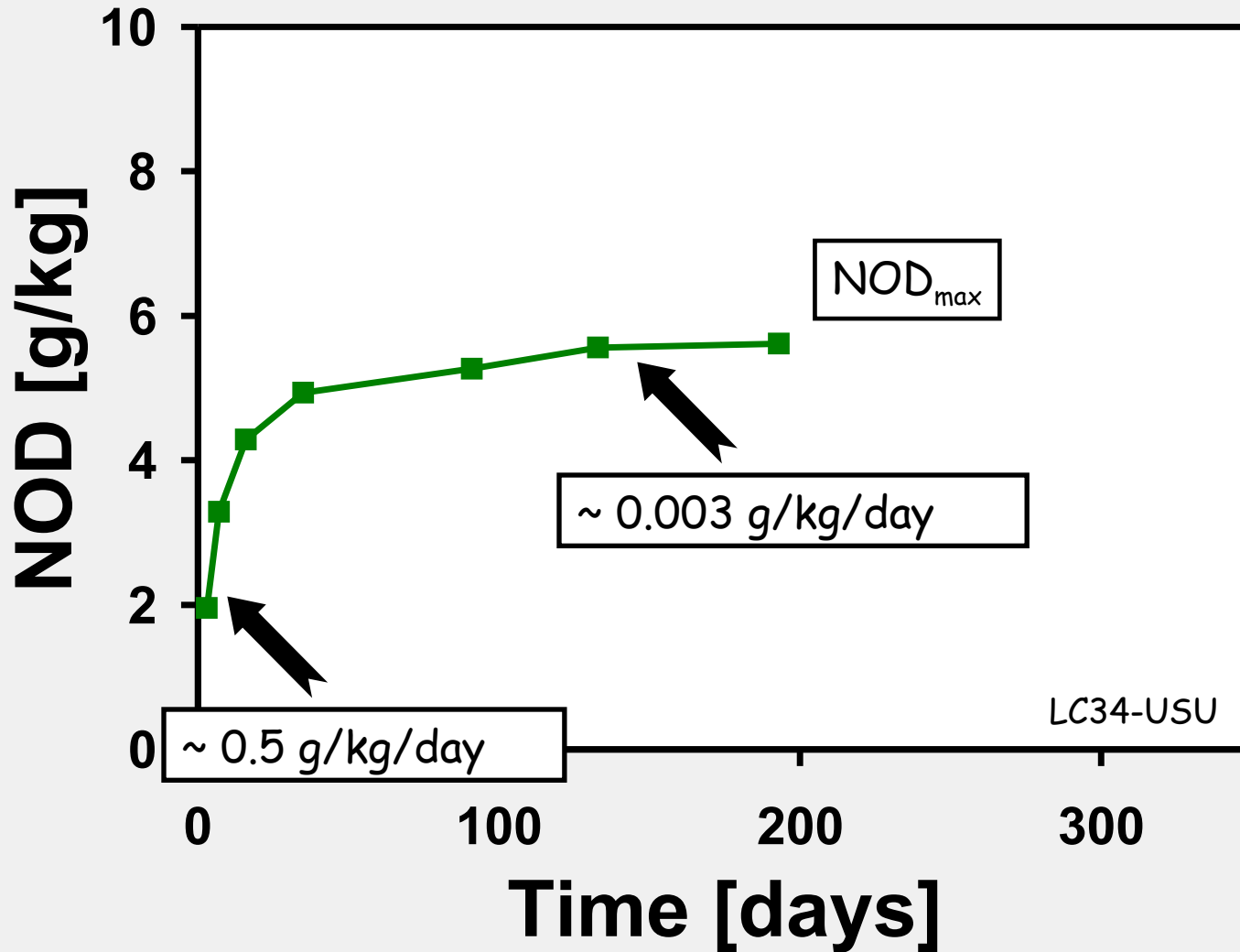
$$\frac{d(C_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_2})}{dt} = -k_{obs} C_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_2}$$

$$k_{obs} = 2.16[\text{amorphous Fe}] - 0.303 \quad (r^2 = 0.99)$$

# Permanganate Story...



# Typical Batch Reactor Results



Well-mixed

# Permanganate Natural Oxidant Demand (NOD)

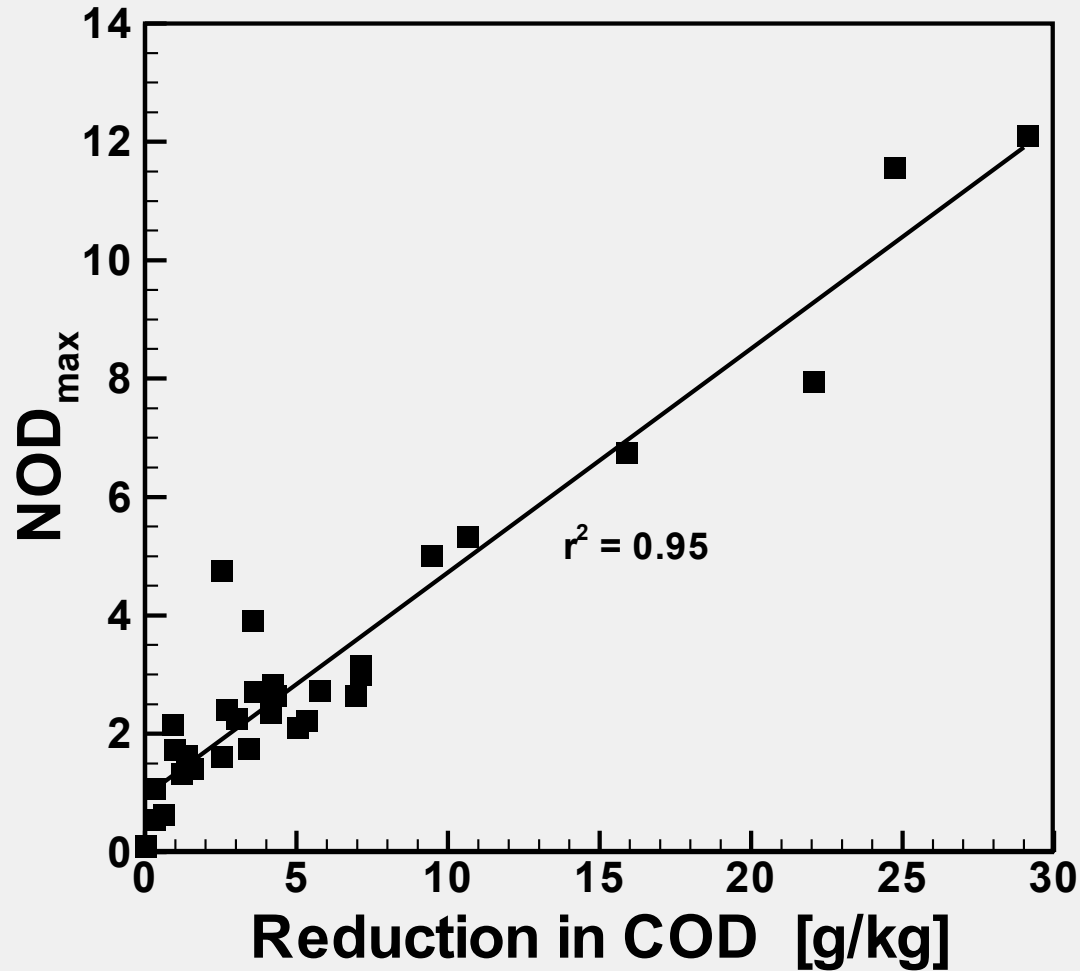
---

Consumption by the naturally present reduced species associated with the aquifer material

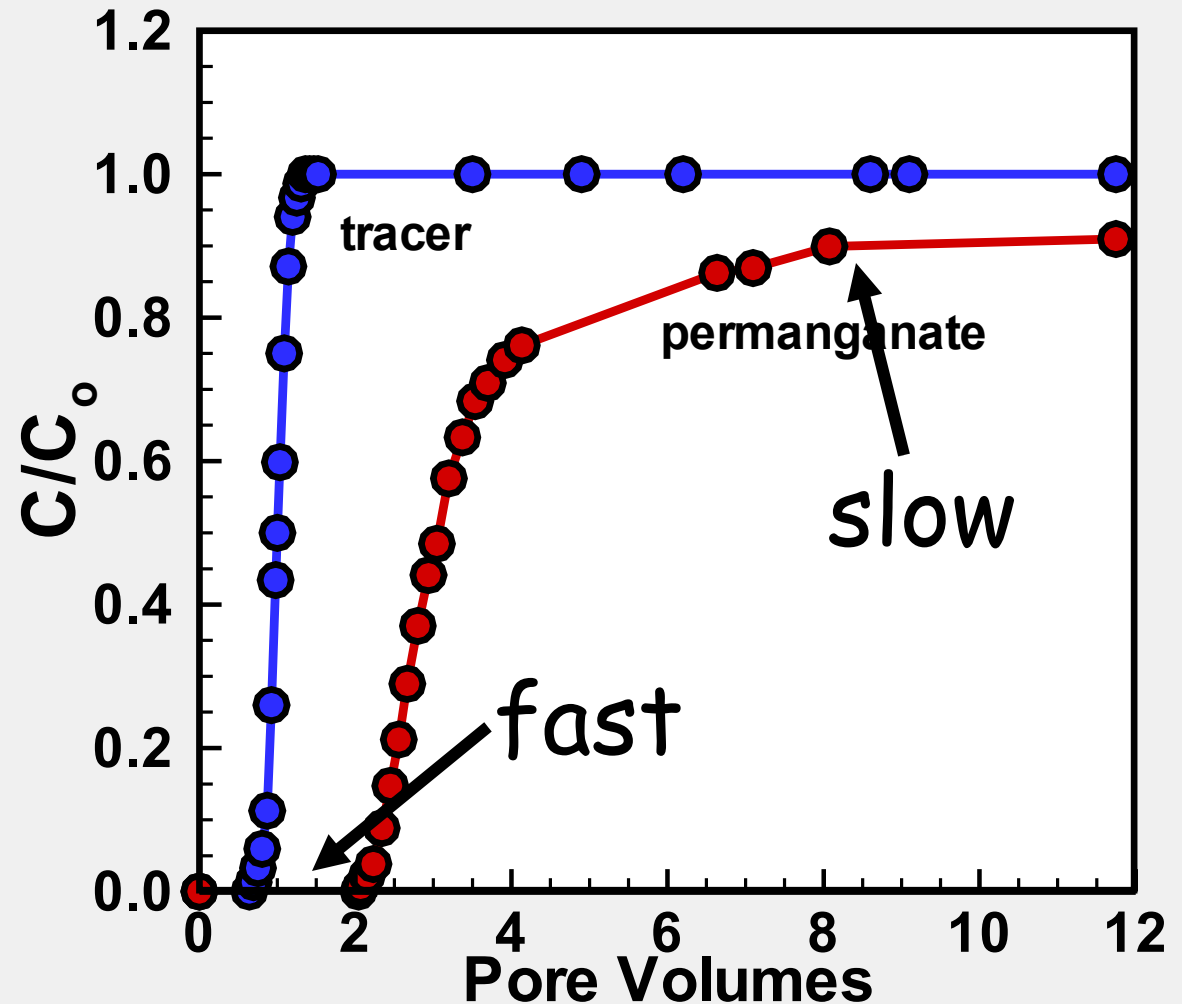
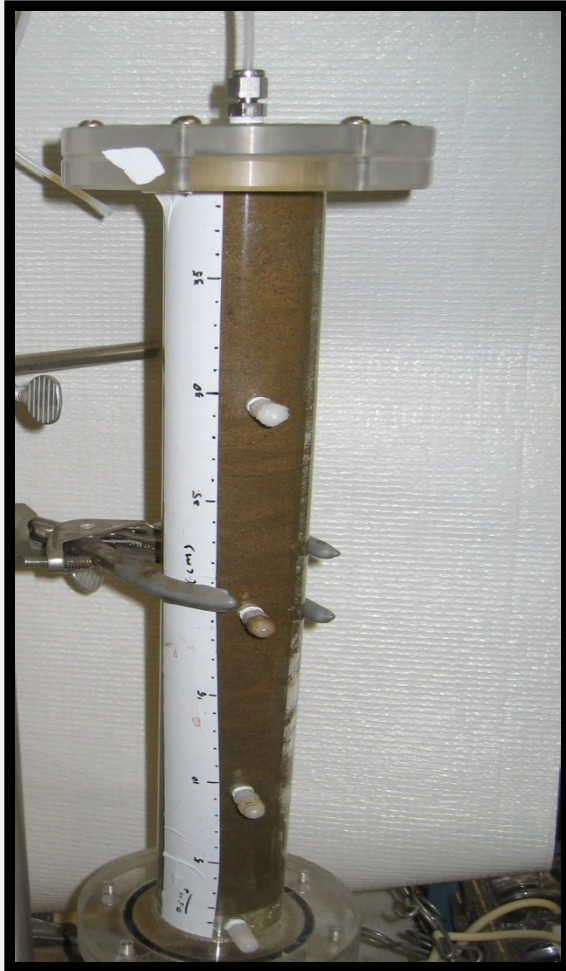
g of  $\text{KMnO}_4$  / kg of solids

# Permanganate

Change in TRC



# Column Experiments



# Permanganate Kinetics

Fast

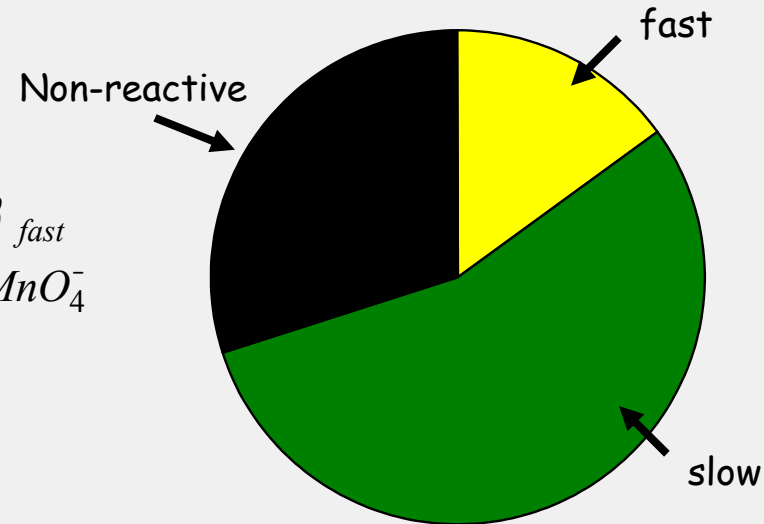
$$\frac{dC_{OAM}^{fast}}{dt} = -k_{OAM}^{fast} C_{OAM}^{\alpha_{fast}} C_{MnO_4^-}^{\beta_{fast}}$$

Slow

$$\frac{dC_{OAM}^{slow}}{dt} = -k_{OAM}^{slow} C_{OAM}^{\alpha_{slow}} C_{MnO_4^-}^{\beta_{slow}}$$

Permanganate

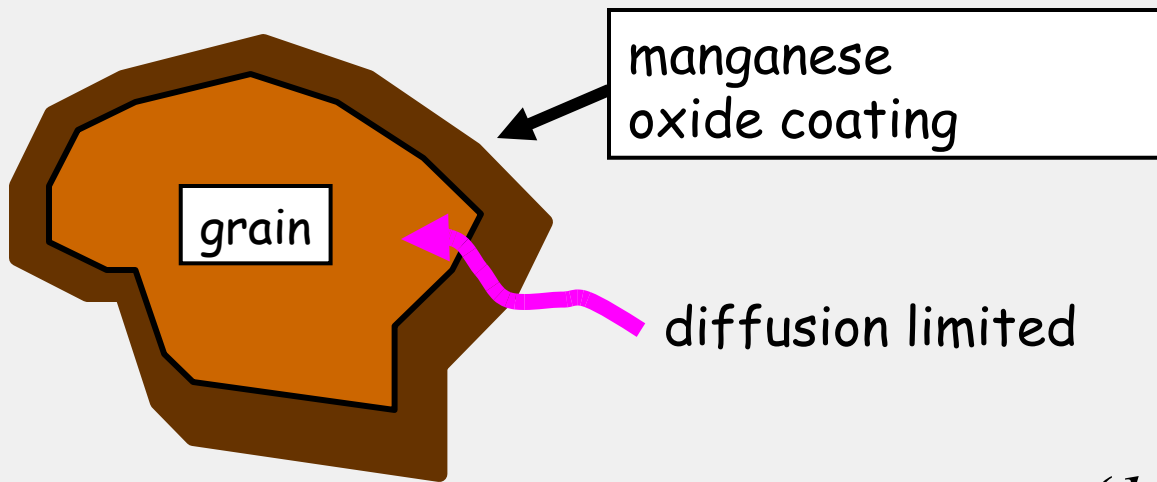
$$\frac{dC_{MnO_4^-}}{dt} = -k_{MnO_4^-}^{fast} C_{OAM}^{\alpha_{fast}} C_{MnO_4^-}^{\beta_{fast}} - k_{MnO_4^-}^{slow} C_{OAM}^{\alpha_{slow}} C_{MnO_4^-}^{\beta_{slow}}$$



# Passivation?

## Hypothesis

- reaction rate decreases as manganese oxides form



$$k_{OAM}^{slow}(MnO_2) = \frac{(k_{OAM}^{slow})_{initial}}{1 + \kappa C_{MnO_2}}$$

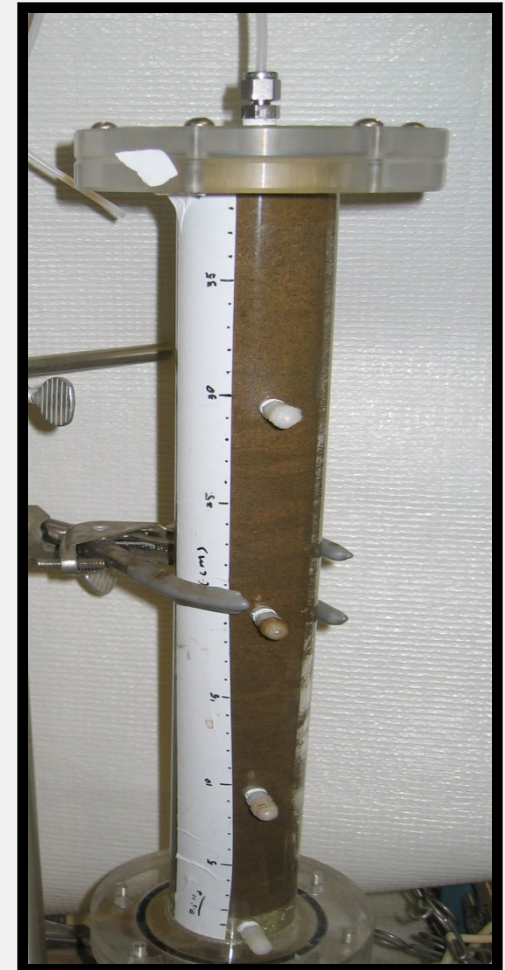
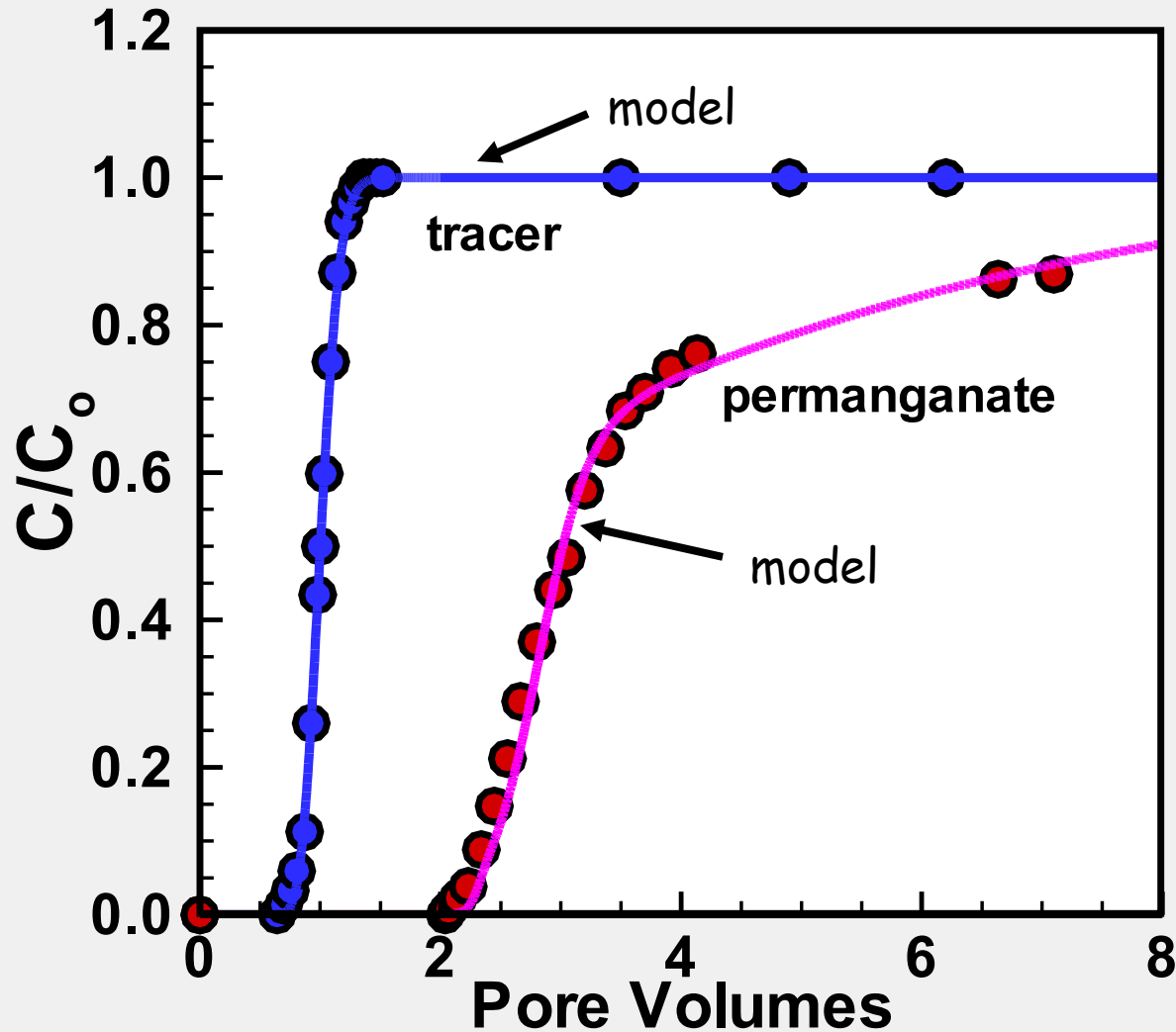
# Passivation?

---

manganese  
oxide coating



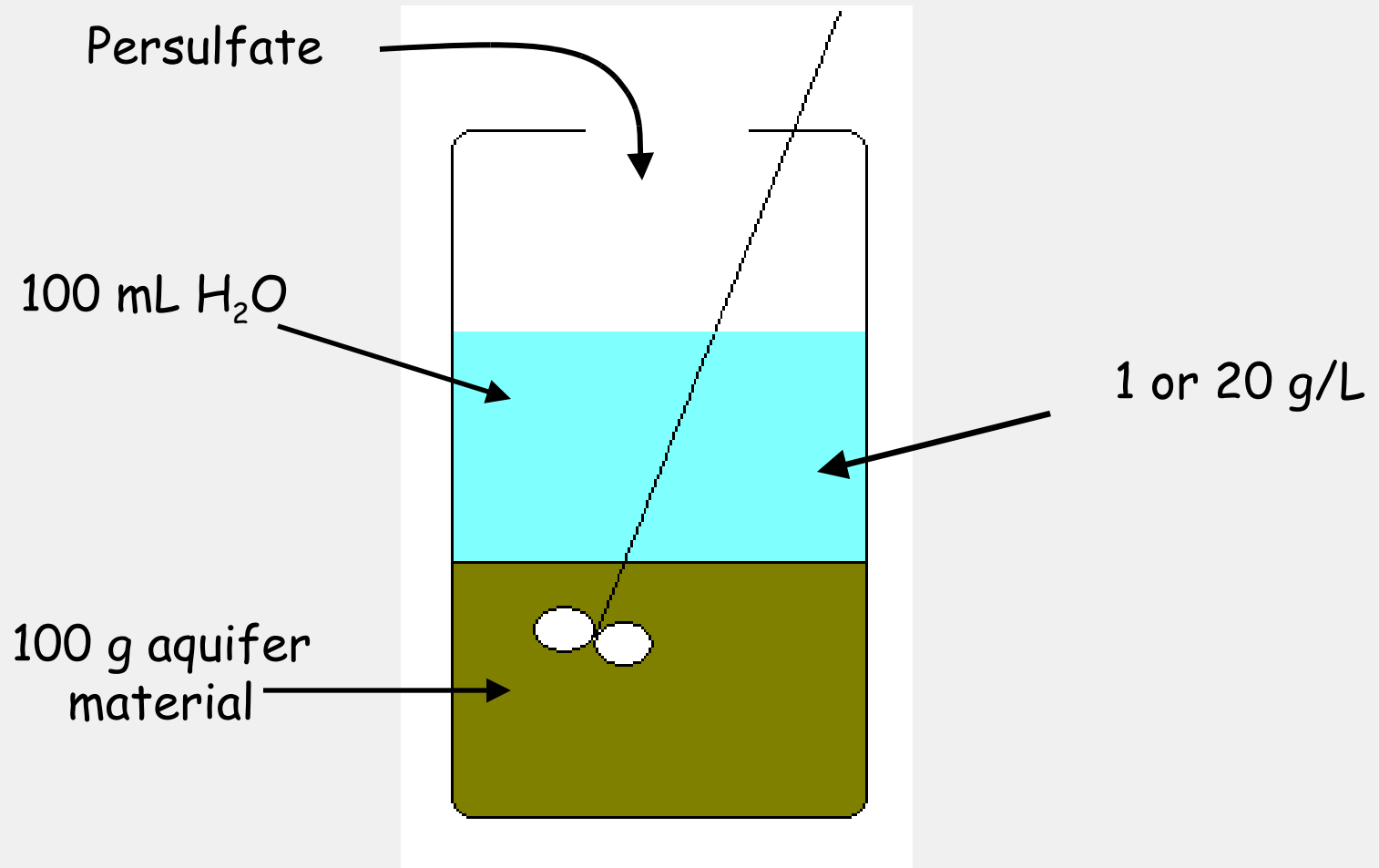
# Column Data - Model Results



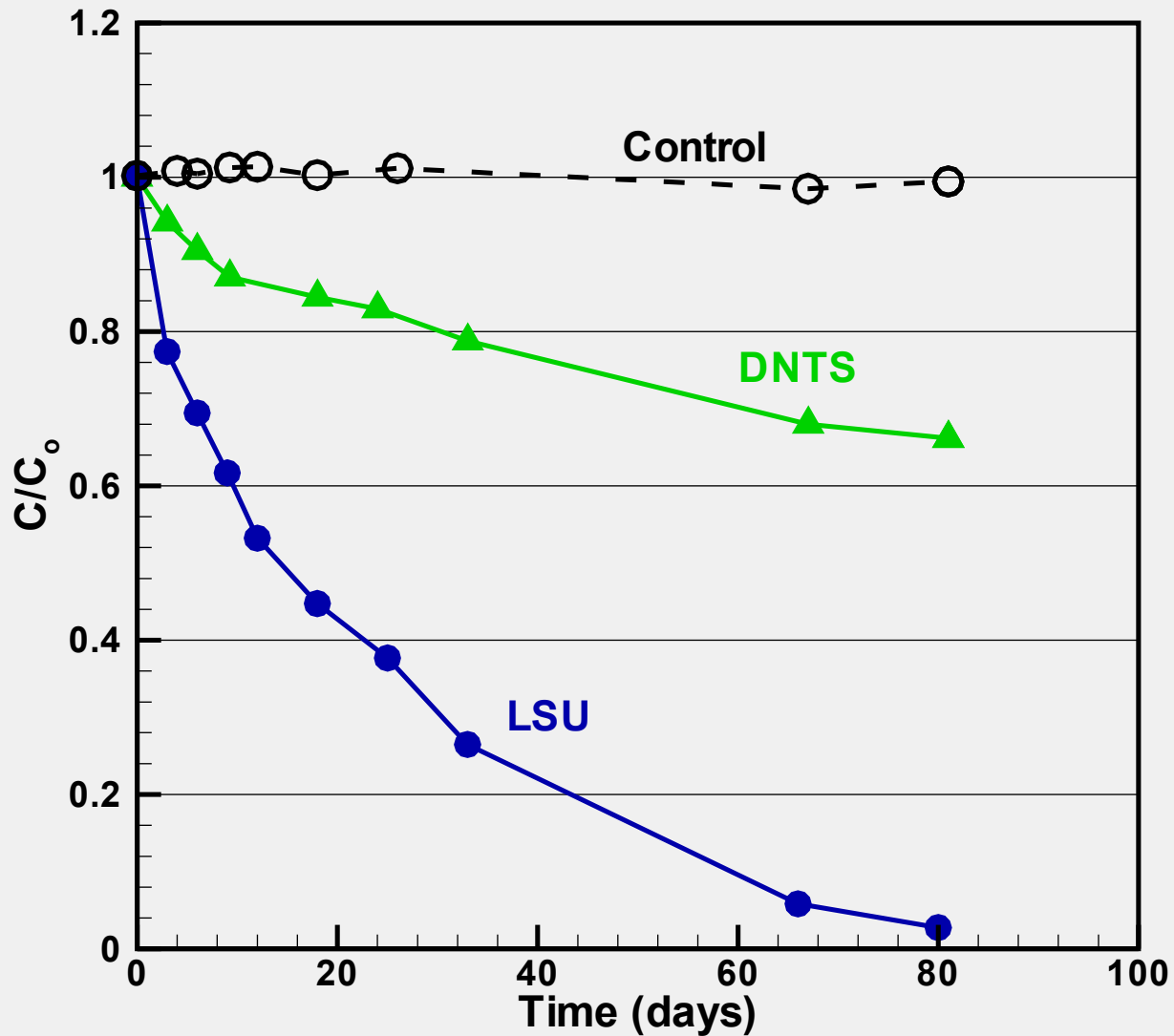
# Persulfate Story...



# Persulfate

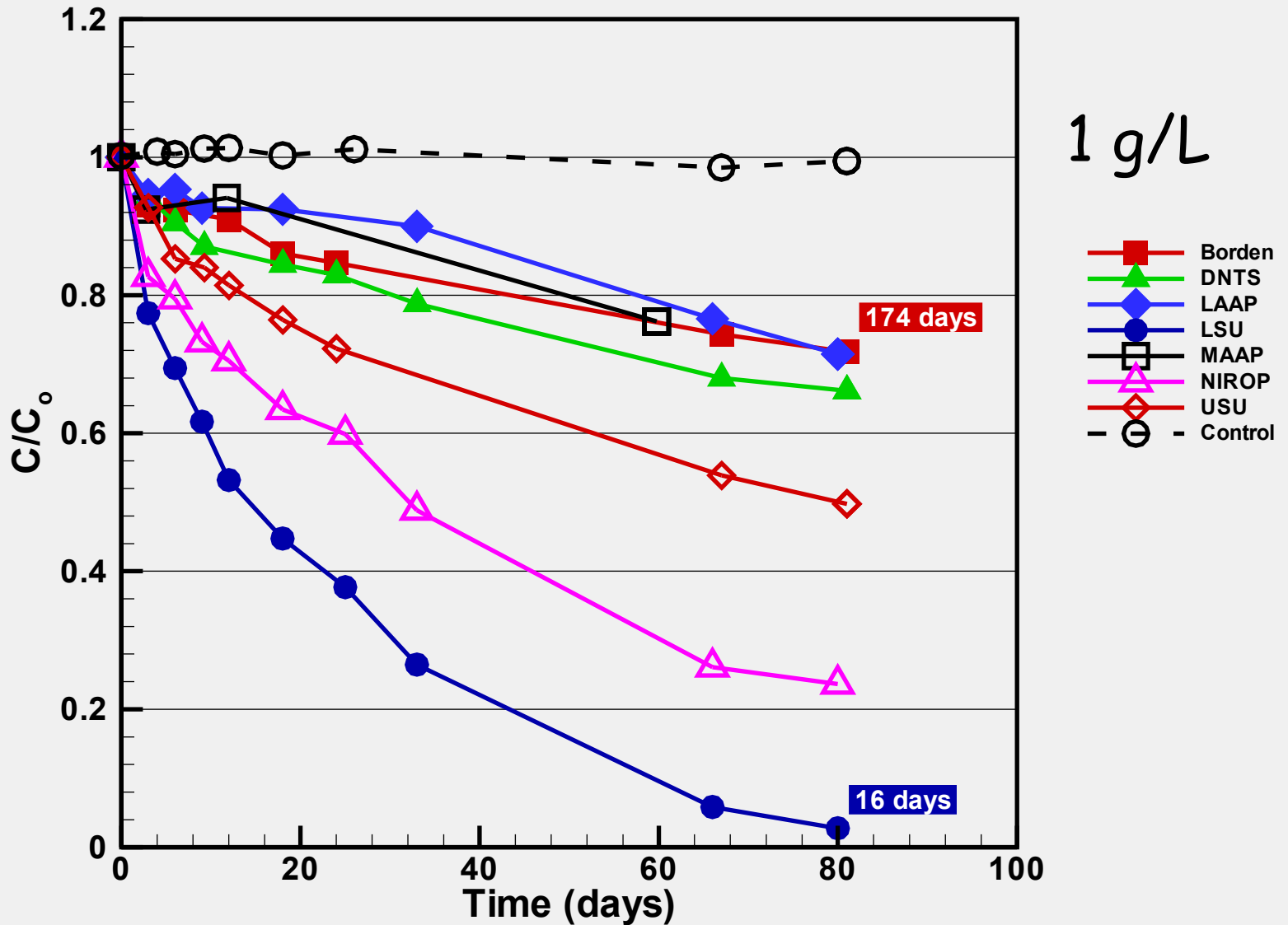


# Persulfate

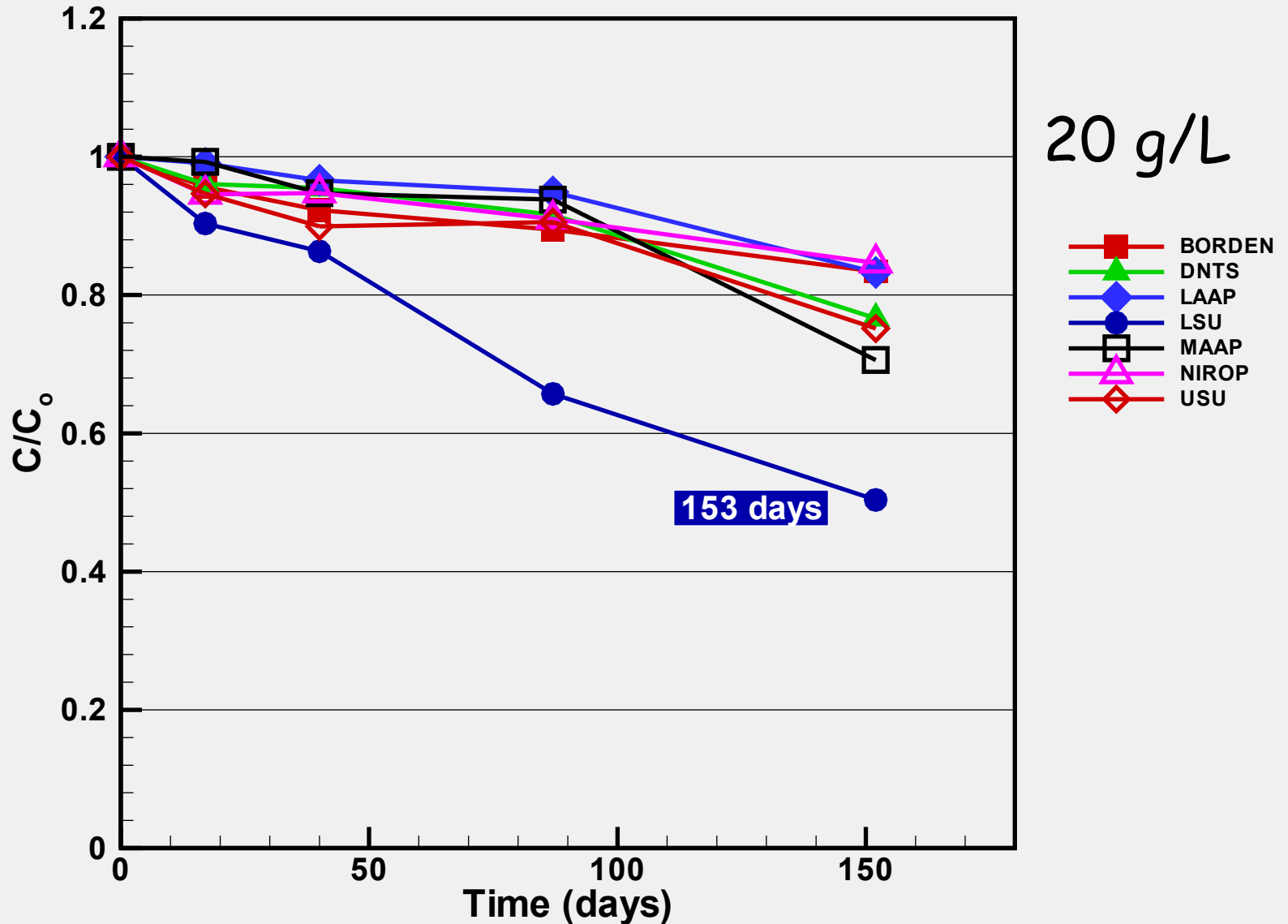


1 g/L

# Persulfate

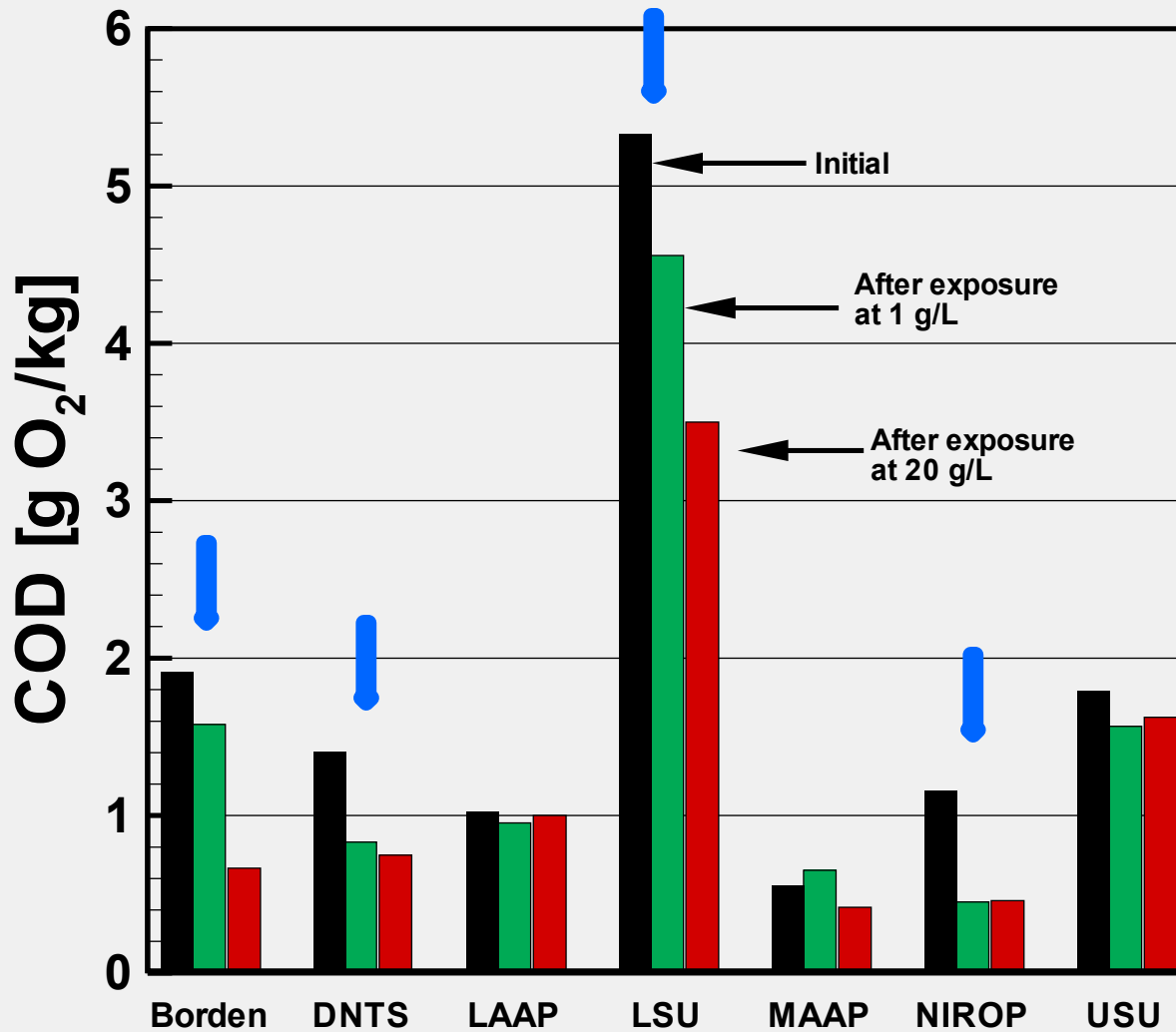


# Persulfate



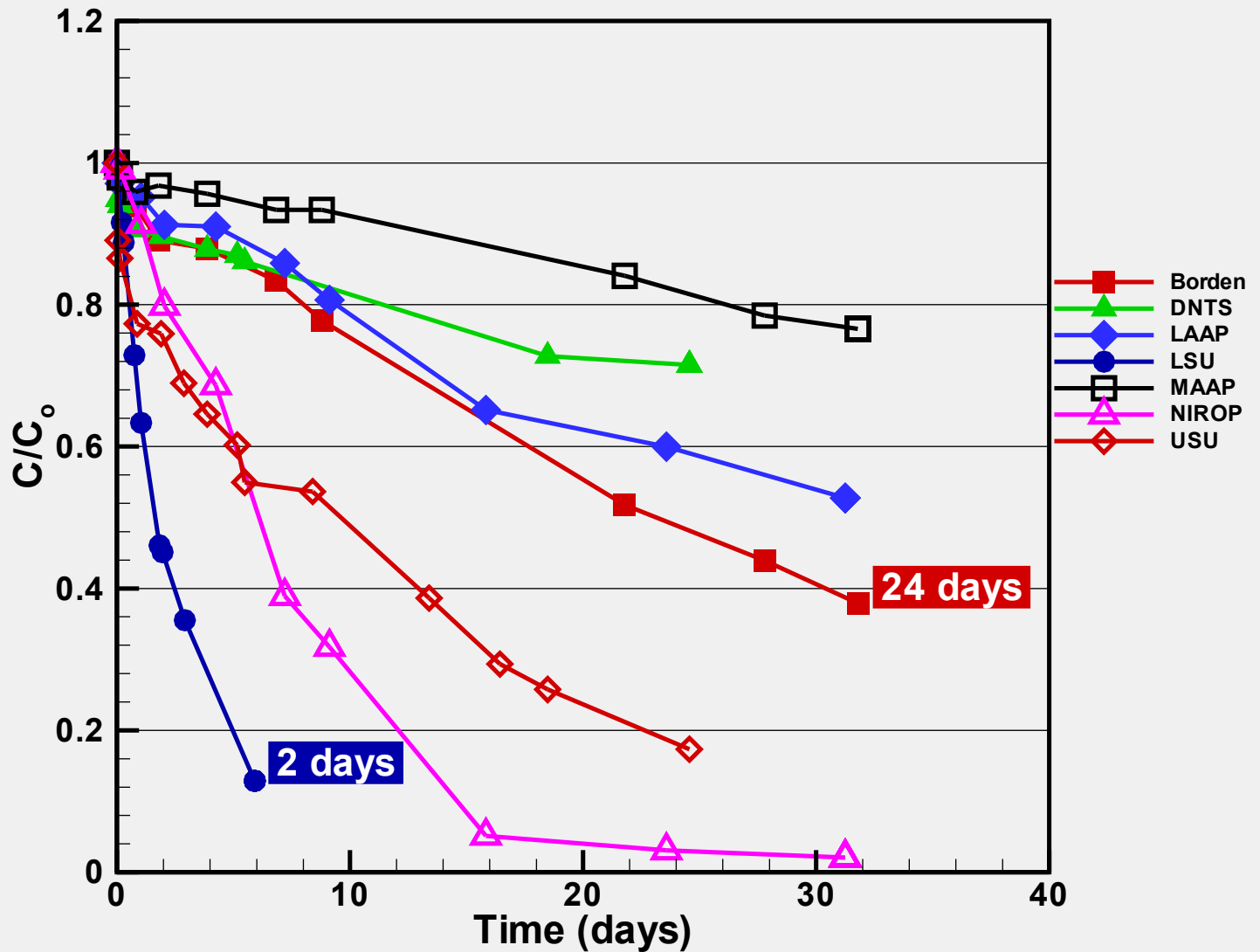
# Persulfate

## Change in TRC

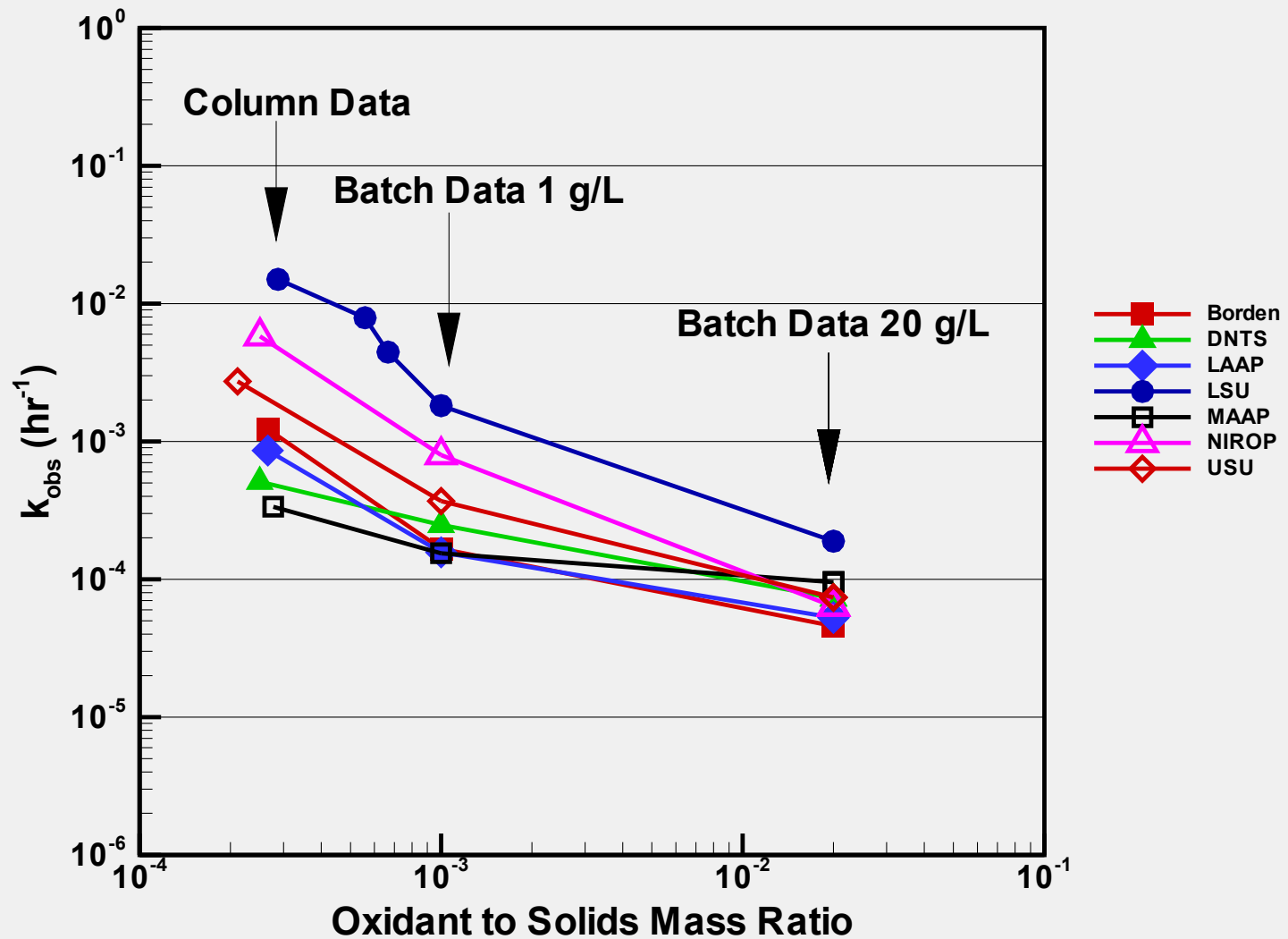


# Persulfate

## Stop-flow column



# Persulfate



# Persulfate Kinetics

---

$$\frac{d[\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}]}{dt} = -k_1[\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}] - k_2[\text{H}^+][\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}] = -(k_1 + k_2[\text{H}^+])[\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}]$$

uncatalyzed degradation

acid catalyzed degradation

$$\frac{d[\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}]}{dt} = -(k_1 + k_2[\text{H}^+])[\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}] - k_{cat}[\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}][\text{C}_{cat}]^{n_{cat}} - k_{NOM}[\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}][\text{C}_{NOM}]^{n_{NOM}}$$

mineral catalyzed reaction

NOM reaction

# Persulfate

$$\frac{d[\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}]}{dt} = -k_{bulk} [\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}]$$

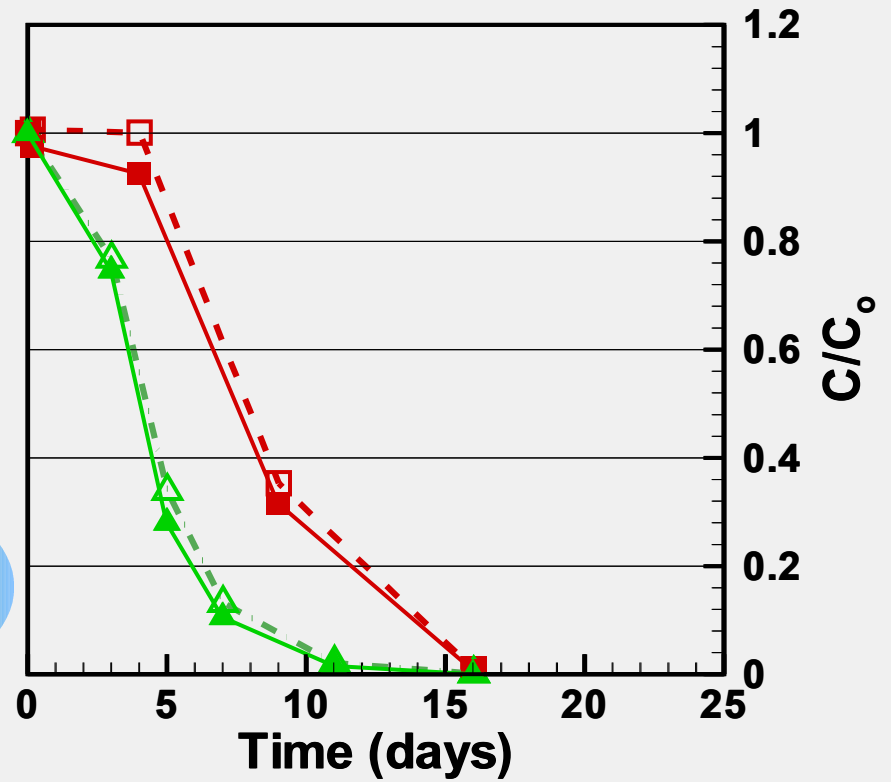
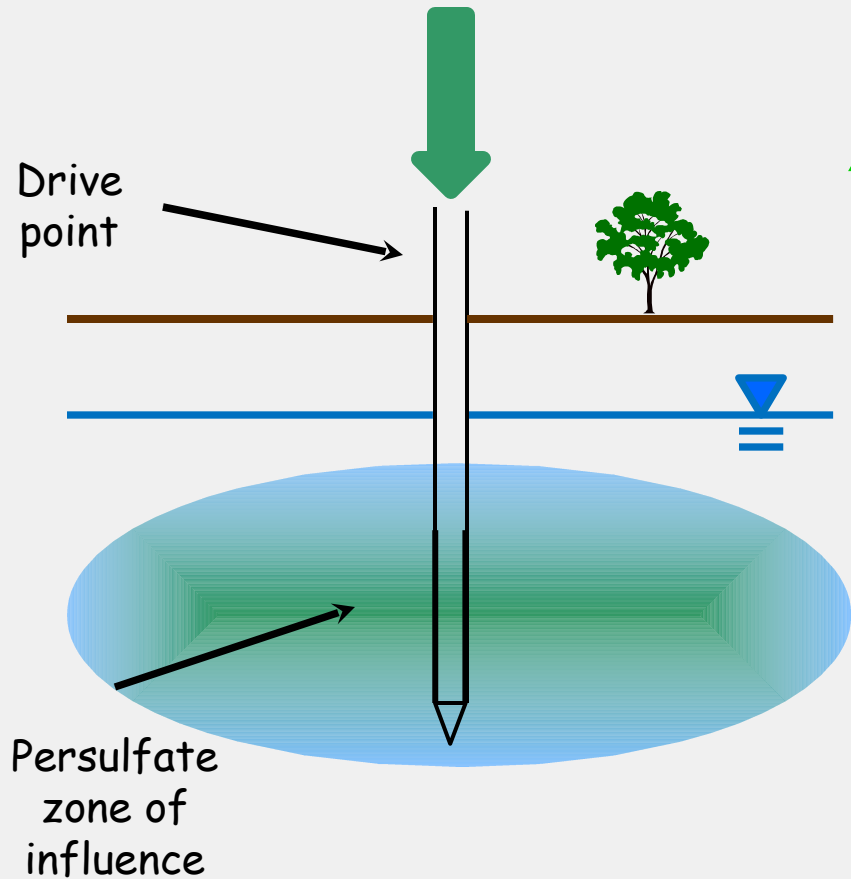
$$k_{bulk} = \gamma_{\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}} \left( \begin{array}{l} k_1 \\ + \gamma_{\text{H}^+} k_2 [\text{H}^+] \\ + \gamma_{cat}^{1.5} k_{cat} [\text{C}_{cat}]^{1.5} \\ + \gamma_{NOM}^{1.5} k_{NOM} [\text{C}_{NOM}]^{1.5} \end{array} \right)$$

← uncatalyzed  
← acid catalyzed  
← mineral reaction  
← NOM reaction

activity coefficients

# Persulfate

## Push-Pull test



# Oxidant Stability vs NOD

---

## Enhanced Decomposition

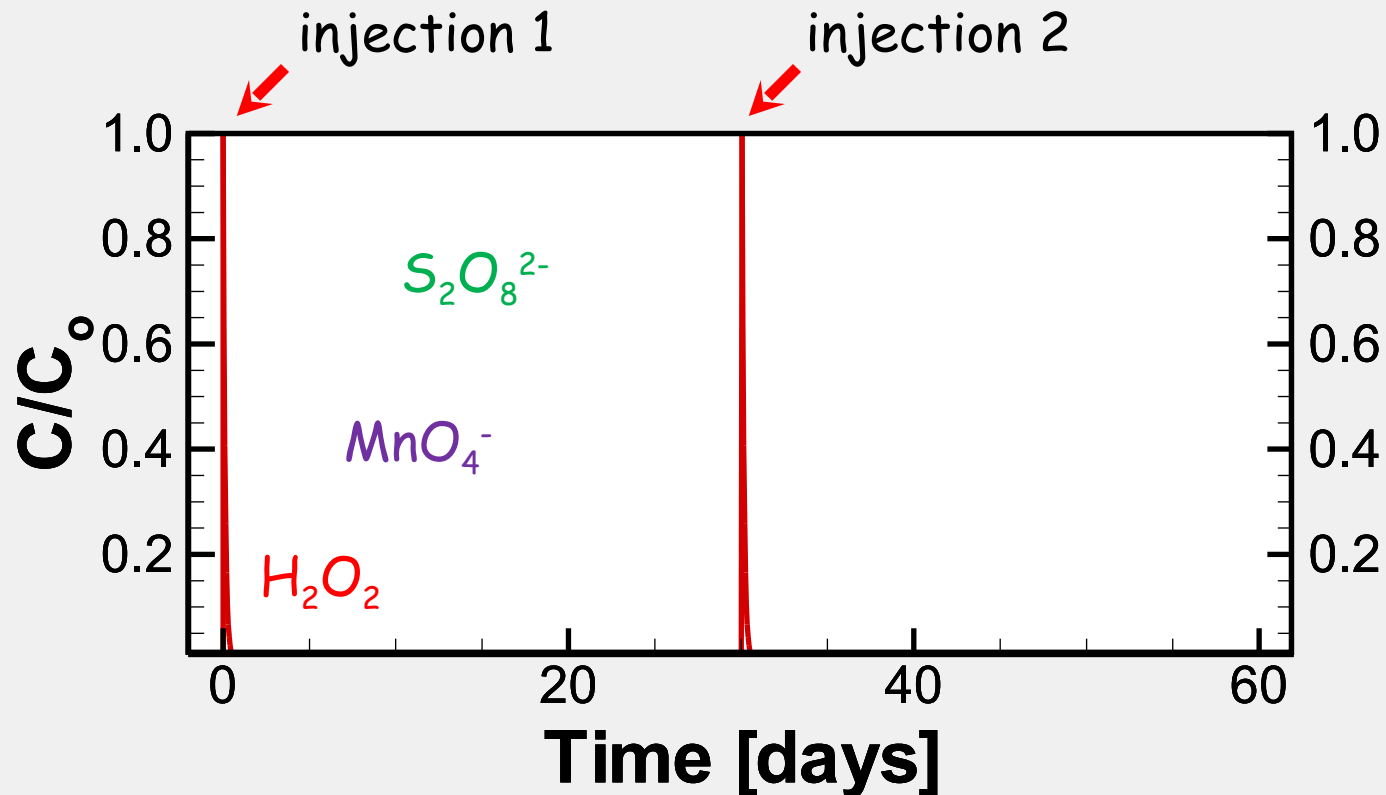
- $H_2O_2$  (little reduction in TRC)
- $S_2O_8^{2-}$  (slight/moderate reduction in TRC)

## Finite Demand (NOD)

- $MnO_4^-$  (proportional reduction in TRC)

# Comparison - In Situ Injection

no flow or diffusion / same oxidation strength



# Summary

---

- Ignoring aquifer material interaction will overestimate treatment efficiency
- Kinetic models developed for in situ conditions, but rely on properties...
  - $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  (amorphous Fe)
  - $\text{MnO}_4^-$  (NOM)
  - $\text{S}_2\text{O}_8^{2-}$  (amorphous Fe + NOM)
- Bench-scale data are hindered by experimental conditions and scale-up issues

# Questions?

University of  
**Waterloo**



# Comparison

---

Site	H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	MnO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>8</sub> <sup>2-</sup>
Borden	low	low	mid
DNTS	low	low	low
EGDY	mid	high	-
LC34-LSU	low	mid	highest
LC34-USU	low	mid	high
MAAP	mid	low	low
NFF	high	highest	-
NIROP	highest	low	high